

**Meta-analysis:  
Advanced methods using the Stata software**  
(A comprehensive and thorough training based on theory + software + practice)

**Lausanne, September 3 to 6, 2019**

**Tuesday 3 September 2019 – Salle Est, La Ferme, Epalinges – Stata: a crash course**

<b>Morning</b>	
Introduction	9h00-09h15
Data loading (use, import, infile, insheet) Variable checking, cleaning, etc. (describe, codebook) Creation of a Do-File Creation of a Log-File	9h15-10h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>10h30-10h45</i>
Exercices (1+2)	10h45-11h15
Merging data files (merge, append) Reshaping the data (reshape)	11h15-11h45
Exercices (3)	11h45-12h00
Type and format of variables Generating variables Manipulation of variables (recoding, labeling, etc.)	12h00-13h00
<i>Lunch break</i>	<i>13h00-14h00</i>

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<b>Afternoon</b>	
Logical operations and filters Manipulation of dates Summary of variables, cross-tables, etc. Graphics (histogram, graph box, scatter plot, etc.) Some commonly used statistical tests (ttest, ranksum, anova, kwallis)	14h00-15h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>15h30-15h45</i>
Exercices (4)	15h45-17h00

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**Wednesday 4 September 2019 – Salle A. Delachaux, IUMSP, Biopôle 2 – Introduction to meta-analysis**

<b>Morning</b>	
Introduction I. Why do a meta-analysis? II. How does a meta-analysis work?	9h00-9h15
Some concepts III. Definition of an «effect size» 1. The concepts of parameter, estimator and estimation	9h15-09h35
2. «Effect sizes» based on means a. The mean ( $\mu$ ) b. The difference in means (D) c. The standardized mean difference (d and g) d. The ratio of means (R) e. Which of the measures D, d, g and R to use and when?	9h35-10h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>10h30-10h45</i>
Exercises (means)	10h45-11h30
3. « Effect sizes » based on binary data a. The proportion (p) b. The Relative Risk (RR) c. The Odds Ratio (OR) d. The Risk Difference (RD) e. Which of the three measures RR, OR et RD to use and when?	11h30-12h15
Exercises (binary data)	12h15-13h00
<i>Lunch break</i>	<i>13h00-14h00</i>

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<b>Afternoon</b>	
4. «Effect sizes» based on correlations 5. Conversion of «Effect sizes»	14h00-14h20
Exercices (correlations and conversions)	14h20-14h45
IV. Fixed effect model versus random effects models 1. The fixed effect model a. Estimation of the fixed effect model : «Inverse variance method» b. Estimation of the fixed effect model with rare events	14h45-15h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>15h30-15h45</i>
2. The random effects model a. Estimation of the «between-study» variance b. Estimation of random effects model: «DerSimonian&Laird» method c. Estimation of random effects model with rare events 3. How to choose between the two models	15h45-16h30
Exercices (fixed effect model)	16h30-17h00

## Meta-analysis: Advanced methods using the Stata software

Lausanne, September 3 to 6, 2019

Thursday 5 September 2019 – Room Est, La Ferme, Epalinges – Advanced meta-analysis techniques

<b>Morning</b>	
Exercices (random effects model)	9h00-9h45
V. The heterogeneity 1. Sources of heterogeneity 2. How to identify heterogeneity?	9h45-10h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>10h30-10h45</i>
3. Quantifying heterogeneity a. The calculation of Cochrane Q b. The estimation of the variance $\tau^2$ across studies c. The calculation of $I^2$ 4. How to deal with heterogeneity?	10h45-11h30
Exercices (heterogeneity)	11h30-12h30
VI. Prediction interval	12h30-12h45
Exercices (prediction interval)	12h45-13h00
<i>Lunch break</i>	<i>13h00-14h00</i>

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<b>Afternoon</b>	
VII. Subgroups analysis 1. Which model to adopt to calculate the «combined» effect for each subgroup? 2. Is it reasonable to calculate an overall «combined» effect from each of the subgroups «combined» effect and how? 3. Method for comparing subgroups 4. The proportion of variance explained R <sup>2</sup>	14h00-15h00
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>15h00-15h15</i>
Exercises (the analysis of subgroups)	15h15-16h00
<i>Evening dinner together (by the lake)</i>	18h00-21h00

## Meta-analysis: Advanced methods using the Stata software

Lausanne, September 3 to 6, 2019

Friday 6 September 2019 – Room EST, La Ferme, Epalinges – Advanced meta-analysis techniques

<b>Morning</b>	
VIII. The meta-regression 1. The mathematical model 2. The residual heterogeneity indexes 3. The test of residual heterogeneity 4. The proportion of variance explained 5. The prediction interval 6. The false positive risk and the «ecological bias»	9h00-10h00
Exercises (meta-regression)	10h00-10h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>10h30-10h45</i>
IX. Diagnostic tools 1. Investigation of selection bias and publication bias a. The funnel plot b. Tests of funnel plot asymmetry c. The contour-enhanced funnel plot d. What are the practical consequences of a «funnel plot» asymmetry	10h45-11h45
Exercises (diagnostic tools: the funnel plot)	11h45-12h30
2. Sensitivity analysis, residual analysis, and detection of influential studies a. The stratified funnel plot b. The Trim&Fill method	12h30-13h00
<i>Lunch break</i>	<i>13h00-14h00</i>

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<b>Afternoon</b>	
c. The cumulative meta-analysis d. Residual analysis e. The detection of influential studies	14h00-15h00
Exercices (diagnostic tools: sensitivity analysis)	15h00-15h30
<i>Coffee break</i>	<i>15h30-15h45</i>
X. Can we combine randomized studies with observational studies? 1. Fundamental differences between RCTs and observational studies 2. Adjustment based on quality scores 3. How many studies are required to conduct a meta-analysis?	15h45-16h15
Evaluation and conclusion	16h15-16h30